

Password Sprays & Token Plays:

The Art of Staying Secure in Microsoft Entra

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Identity is (still) under attack...

600 million

identity attacks per day...

Microsoft Entra data,

<u>Microsoft Digital Defense Report</u>

<u>2024</u>

99%

are password attacks.

Microsoft Entra data,

Microsoft Digital Defense Report

2024

111%

increase in token replay attacks.

Microsoft Entra data, <u>How to</u> break the token theft cyber attack chain, 2024 146%

rise in AiTM phishing attacks.

Microsoft Entra data,

<u>Microsoft Digital Defense Report</u>

<u>2024</u>



Agenda

- Password-based attacks
- Token theft & replay
- Abusing privileges of OAuth2 applications
- Mitigation

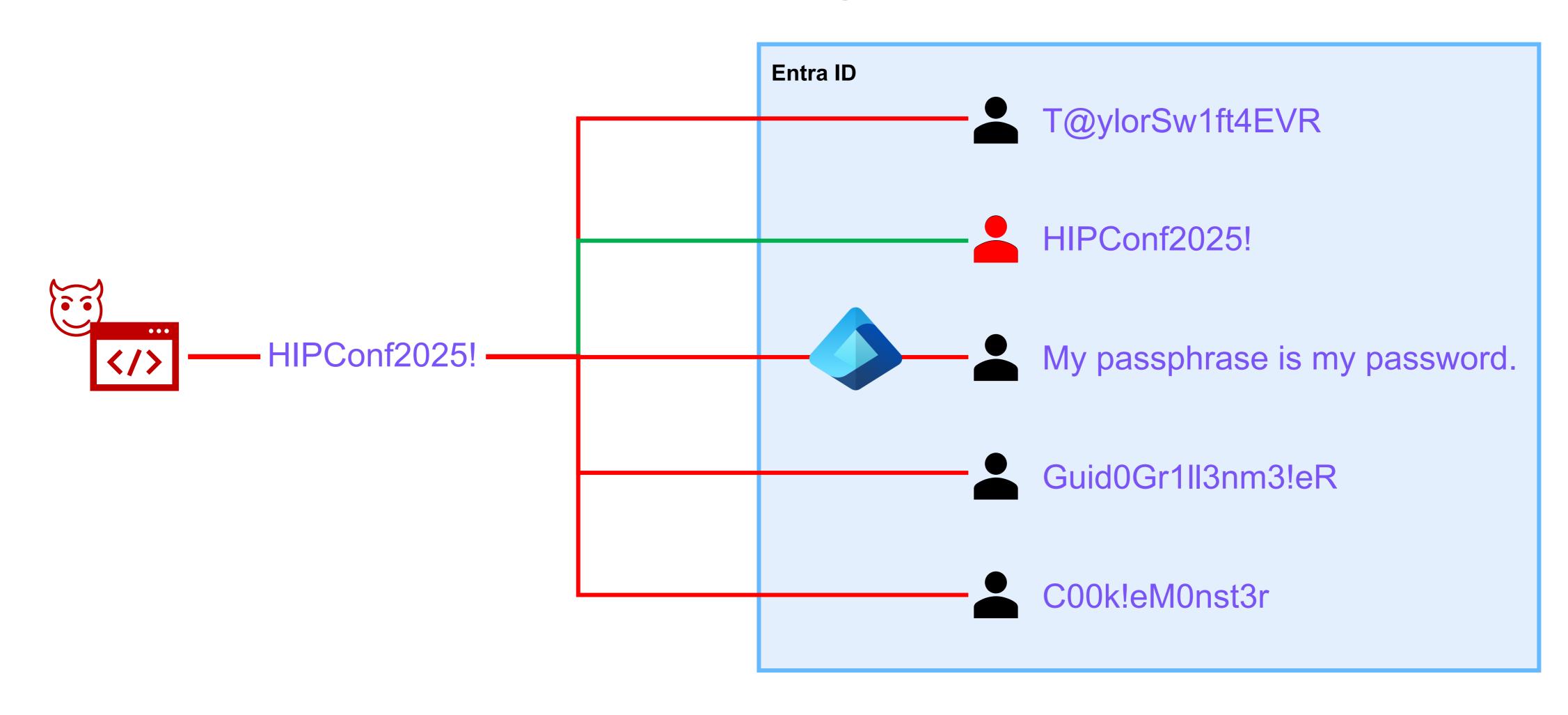




Password-based attacks



Overview of password spray attacks



PS C:\Repo\Spray365>

Password spray attack











Always MFA? Find your single factor auth...

- Exclusion for (trusted) locations
- Service accounts and service principals
- SaaS applications
 - Local user accounts
 - Multiple identity providers

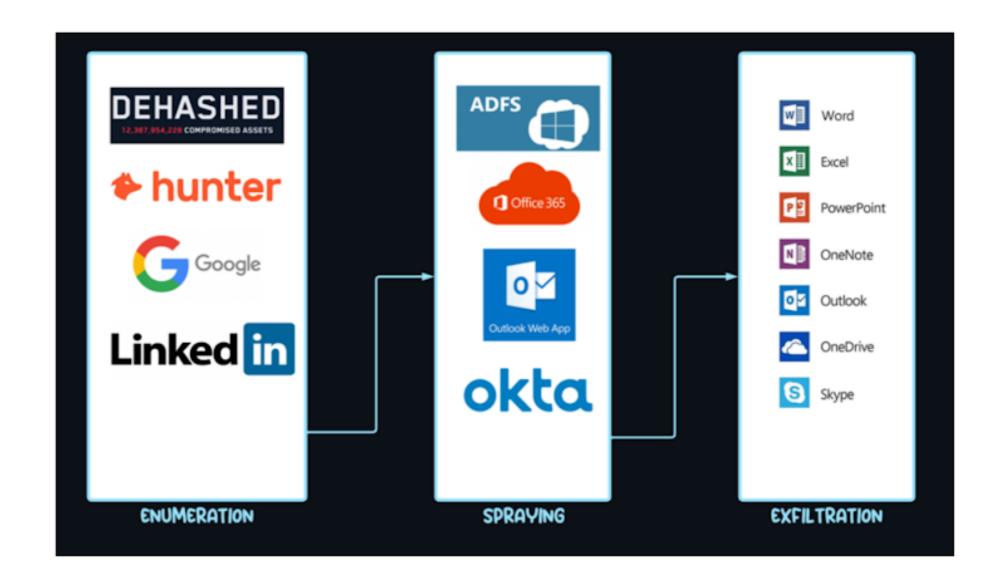


Are password spray attacks still a risk?

Over 80,000 Microsoft Entra ID Accounts Targeted Using Open-Source TeamFiltration Tool

🛗 Jun 12, 2025 🙎 Ravie Lakshmanan

The UNK_SneakyStrike activity has been described as "large-scale user enumeration and password spraying attempts," with the unauthorized access efforts occurring in "highly concentrated bursts" targeting several users within a single cloud environment. This is followed by a lull that lasts for four to five days.



Source: <u>HackerNews</u>, Image Source: Proofpoint



Password spray in Entra ID Protection

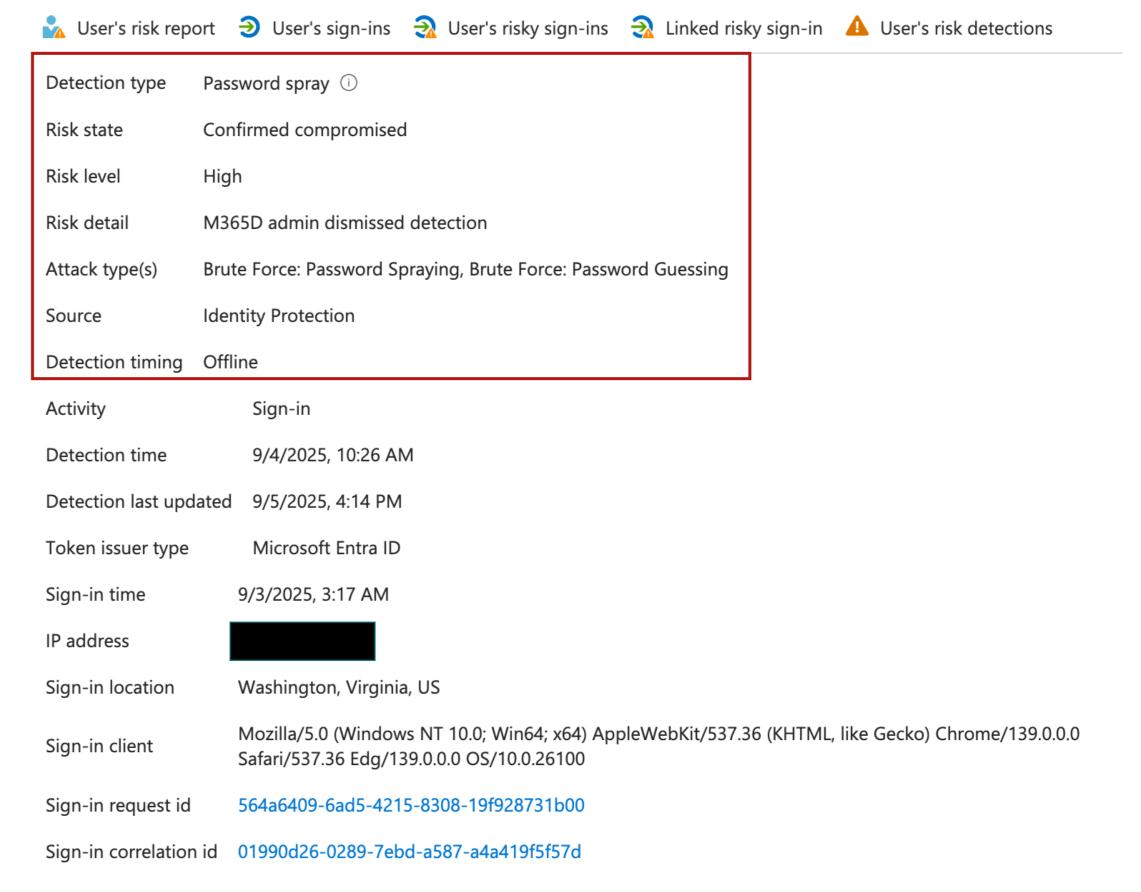
January 2025

General Availability - Real-time Password Spray Detection in Microsoft Entra ID Protection

A password spray attack is where multiple identities are attacked using common passwords in a unified brute force manner. The risk detection is triggered when an account's password is valid and has an attempted sign in. This detection signals that the user's password was correctly identified through a password spray attack, not that the attacker was able to access any resources.

- Calculated in real-time or offline
- License requirement: Microsoft Entra ID P2
- Tips for investigating password spray detections.

Risk Detection Details



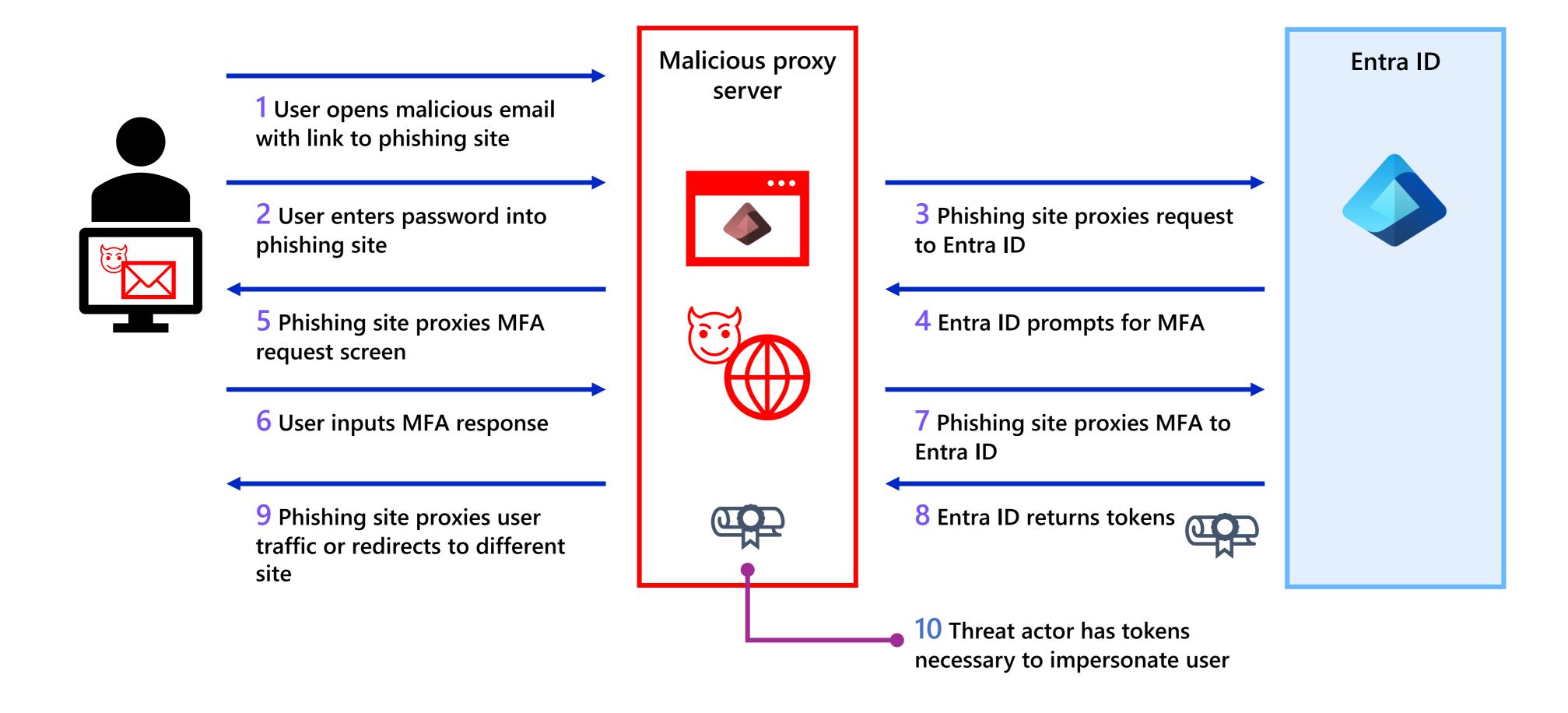


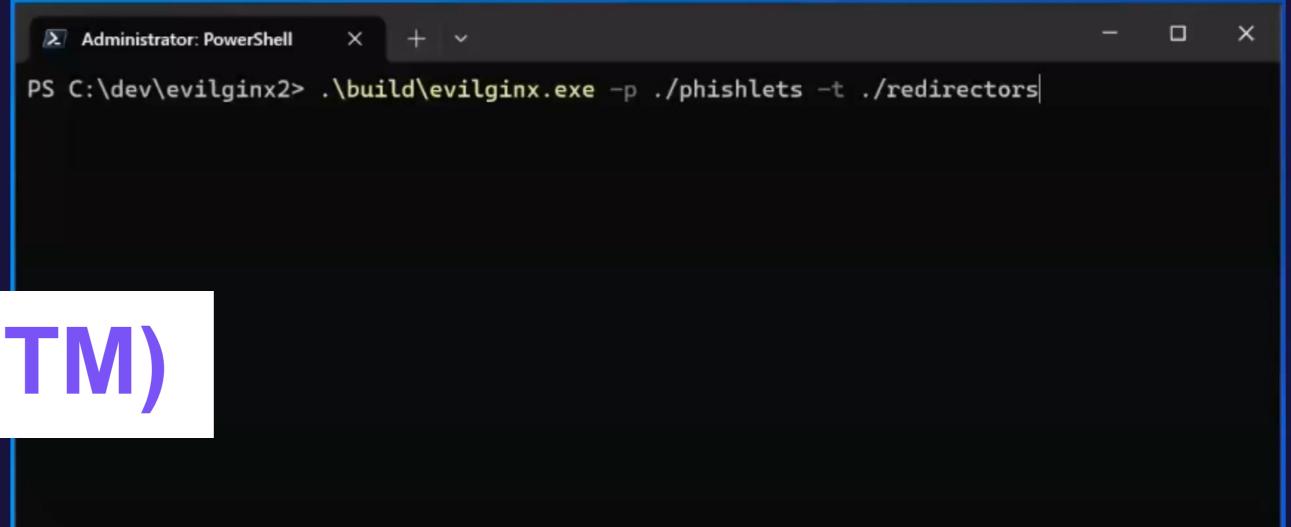


Token theft & replay



Overview of attacker-in-the-middle (AiTM)

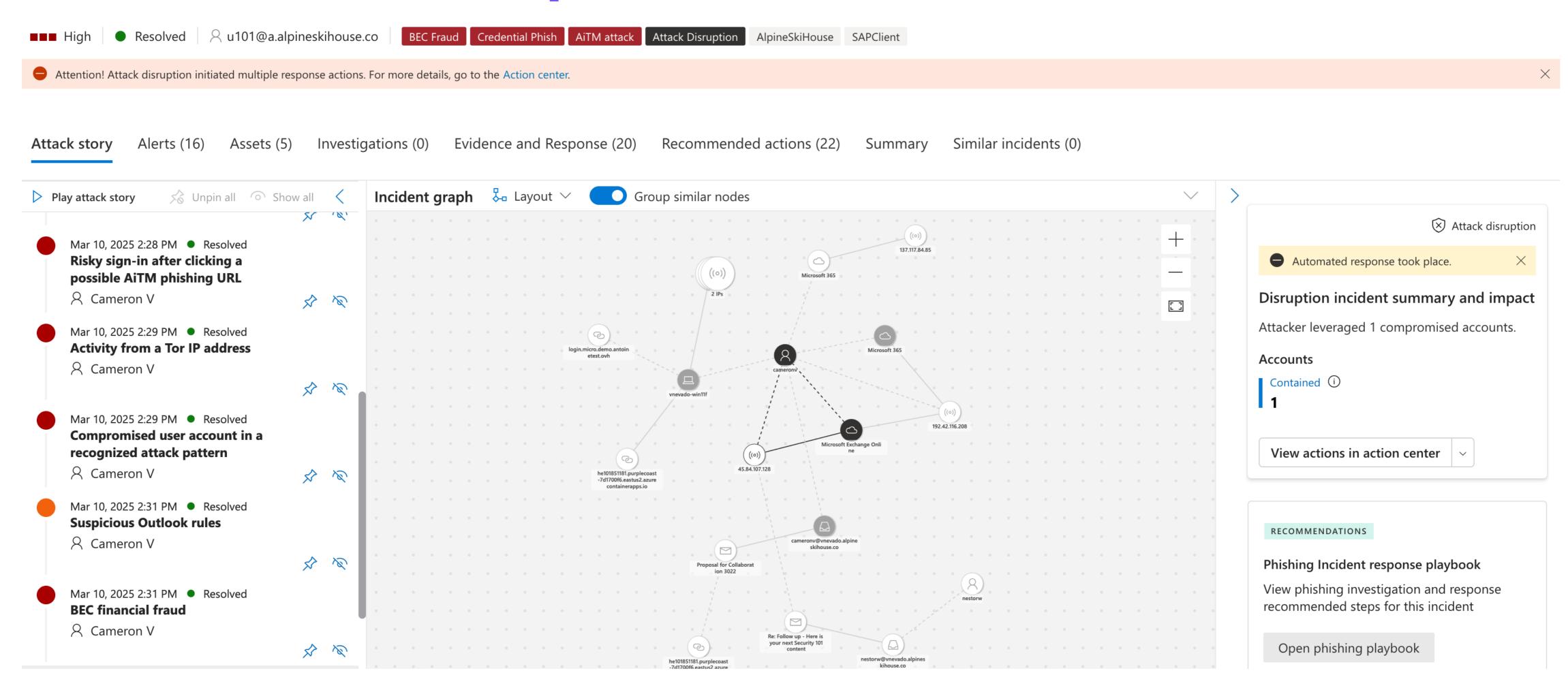




Attacker-in-the-middle (AiTM)

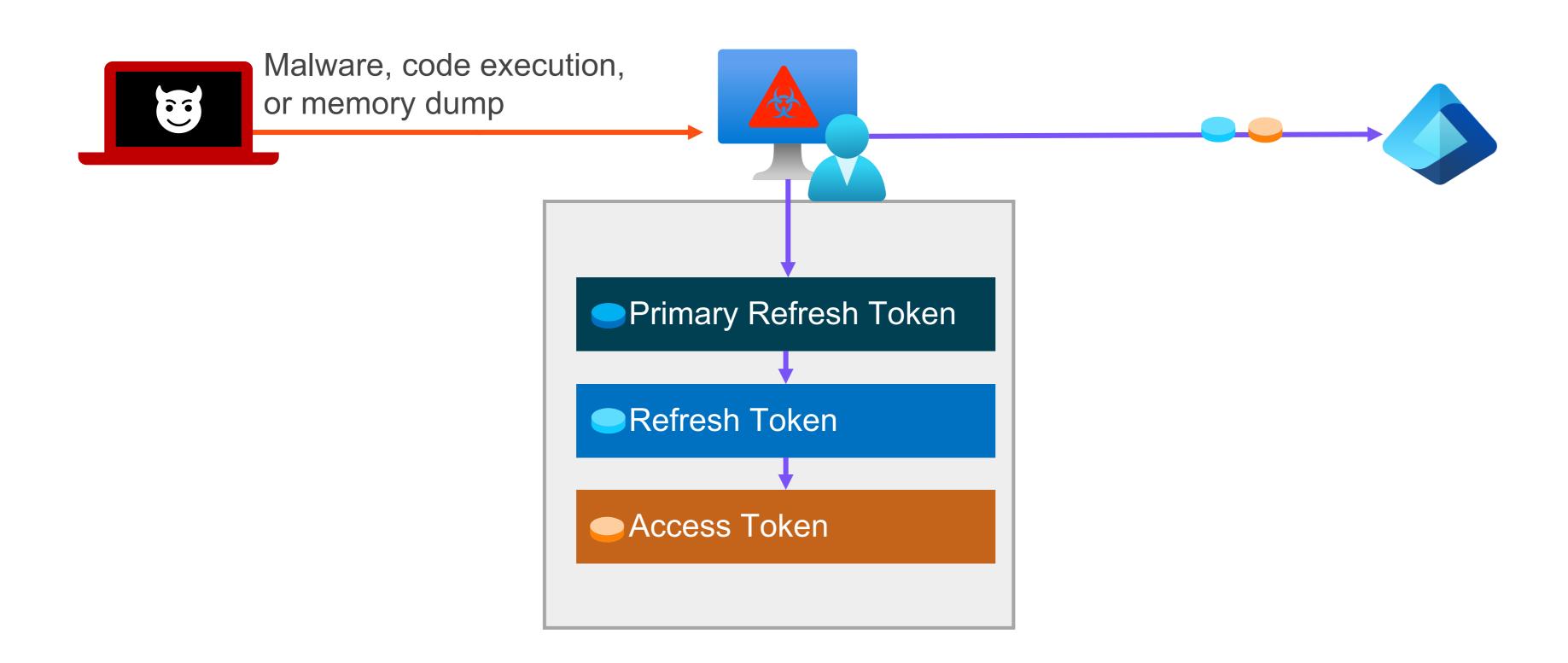


AiTM attack disruption in Microsoft Defender XDR





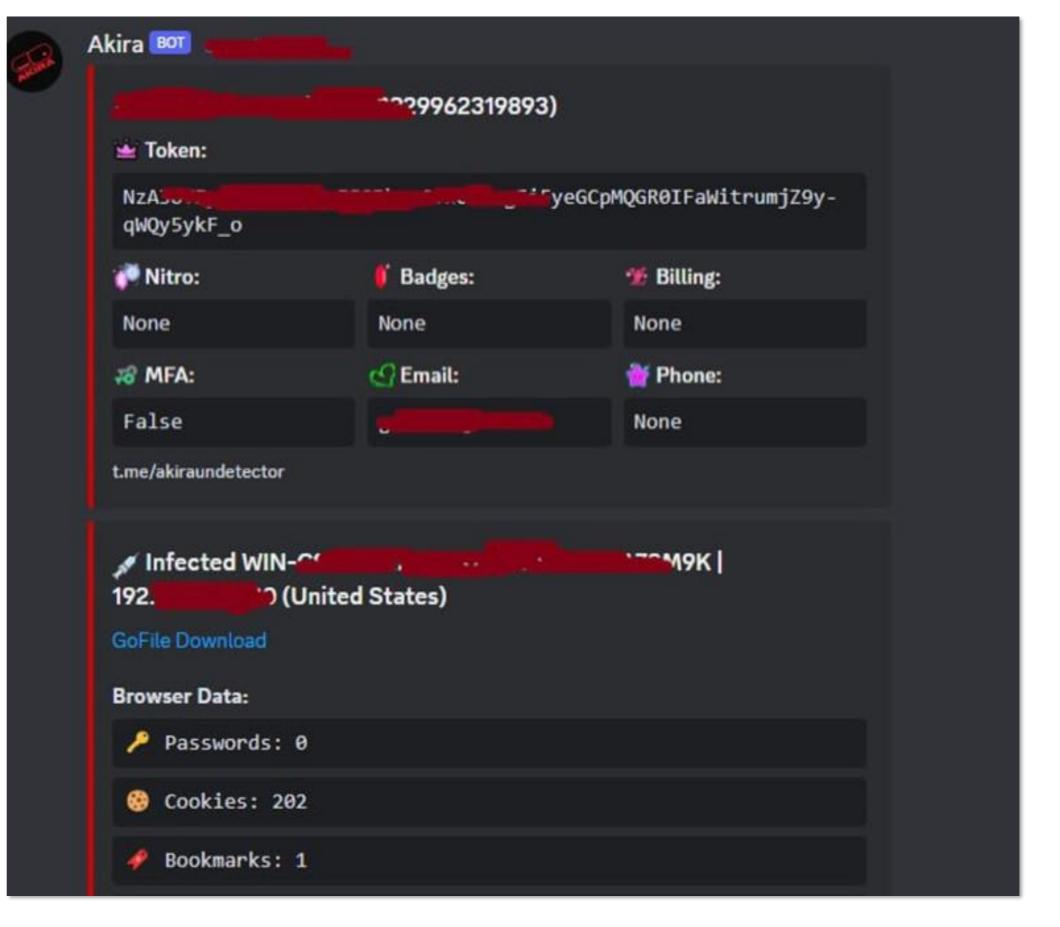
Exfiltrate token from Entra ID-joined device





Real world story: Akira Stealer

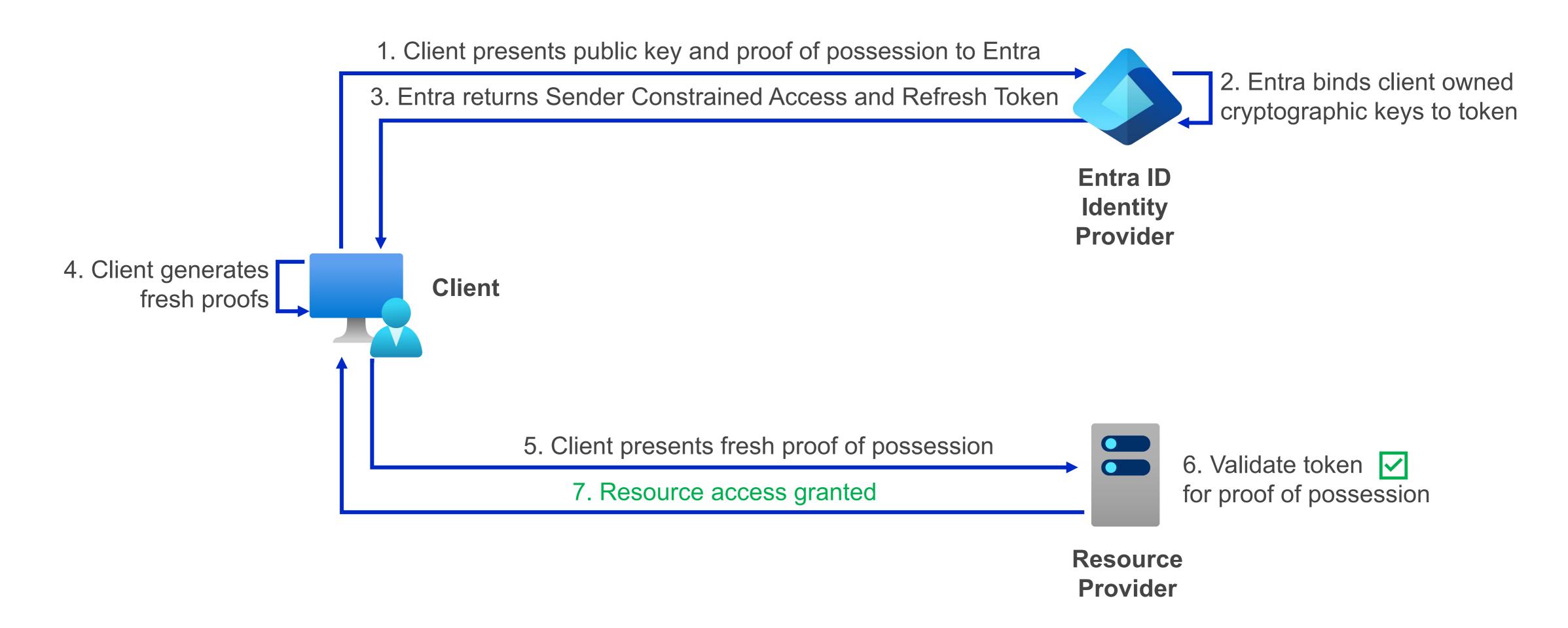




Source: Inside Akira Stealer: A full technical analysis of a modular stealer

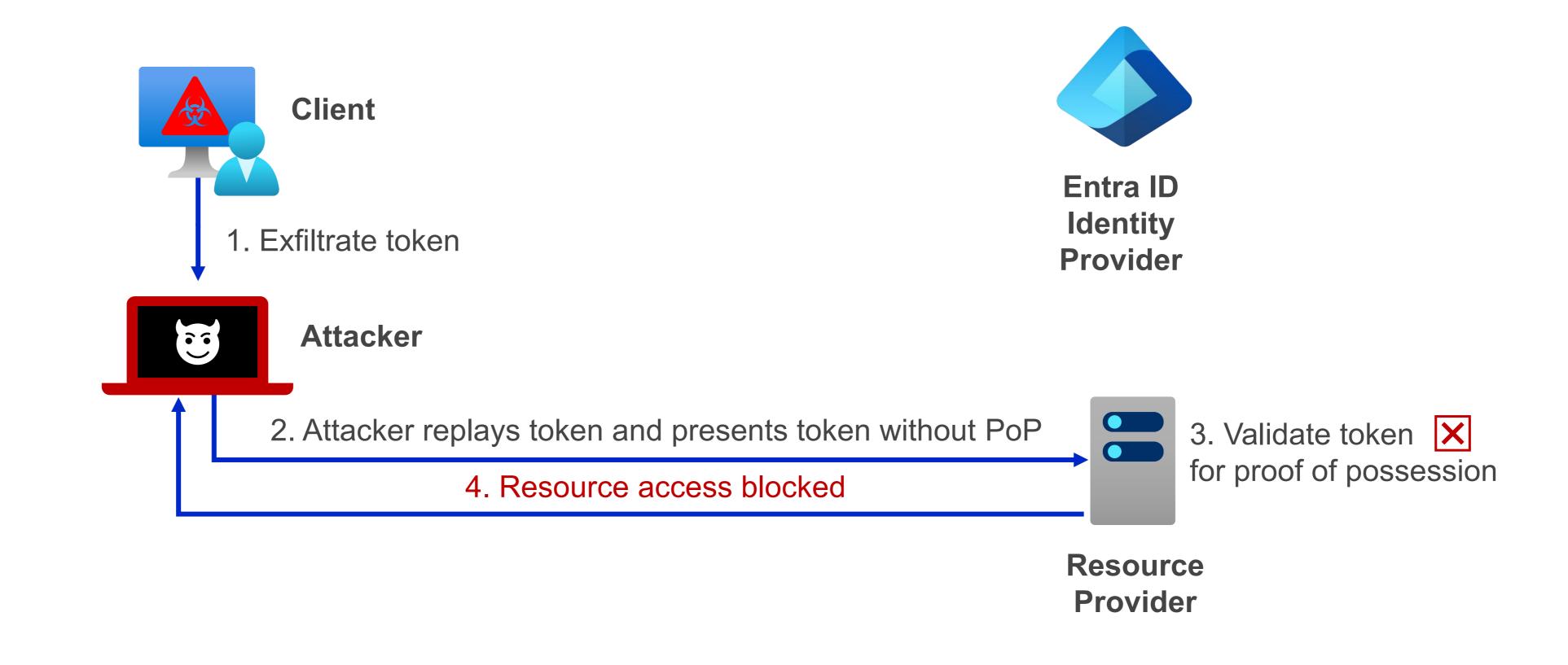


Mitigation by token binding (proof-of-possession)





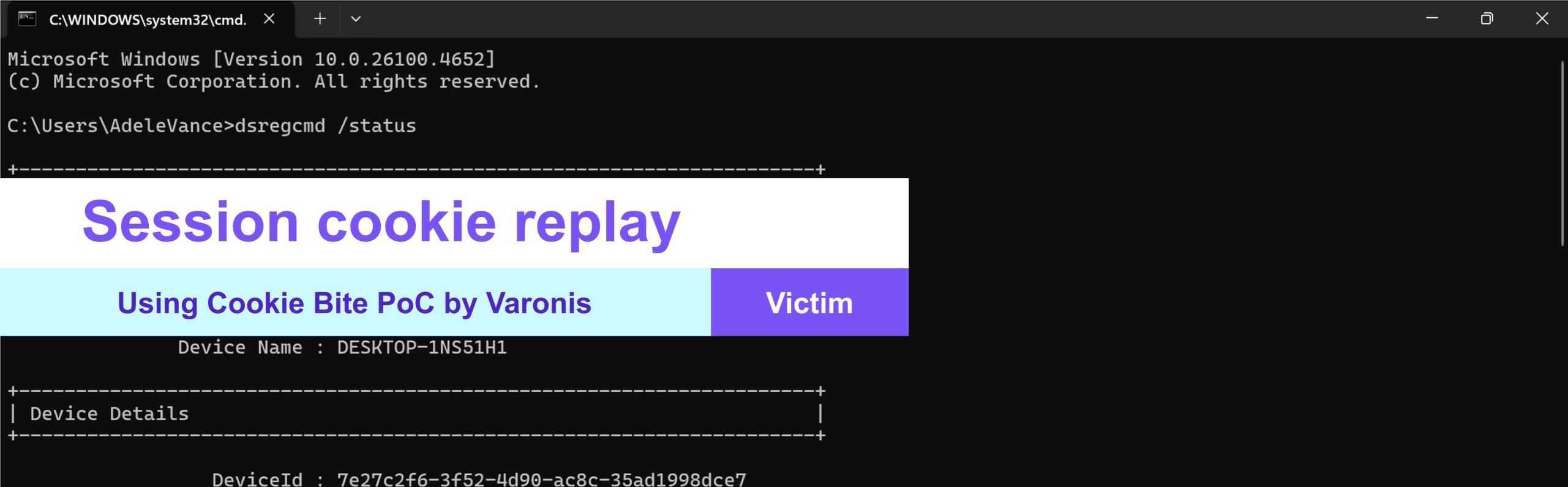
Mitigation by token binding (proof-of-possession)





... did you say cookies?





Thumbprint: 1322844BF6D2509EFAF743CC9D84BD70BEBA4E0E

DeviceCertificateValidity : [2025-07-16 08:18:39.000 UTC -- 2035-07-16 08:48:39.000 UTC]

KeyContainerId : 976b97a2-30a5-4c85-89e3-209b8c0cb4f0 KeyProvider : Microsoft Platform Crypto Provider

TpmProtected : YES

DeviceAuthStatus : SUCCESS

Tenant Details

TenantName : C4A8 Ando

TenantId: 19e61dac-ecff-427a-94c0-df49ff2f2331

AuthCodeUrl : https://login.microsoftonline.com/19e61dac-ecff-427a-94c0-df49ff2f2331/oauth2/authorize























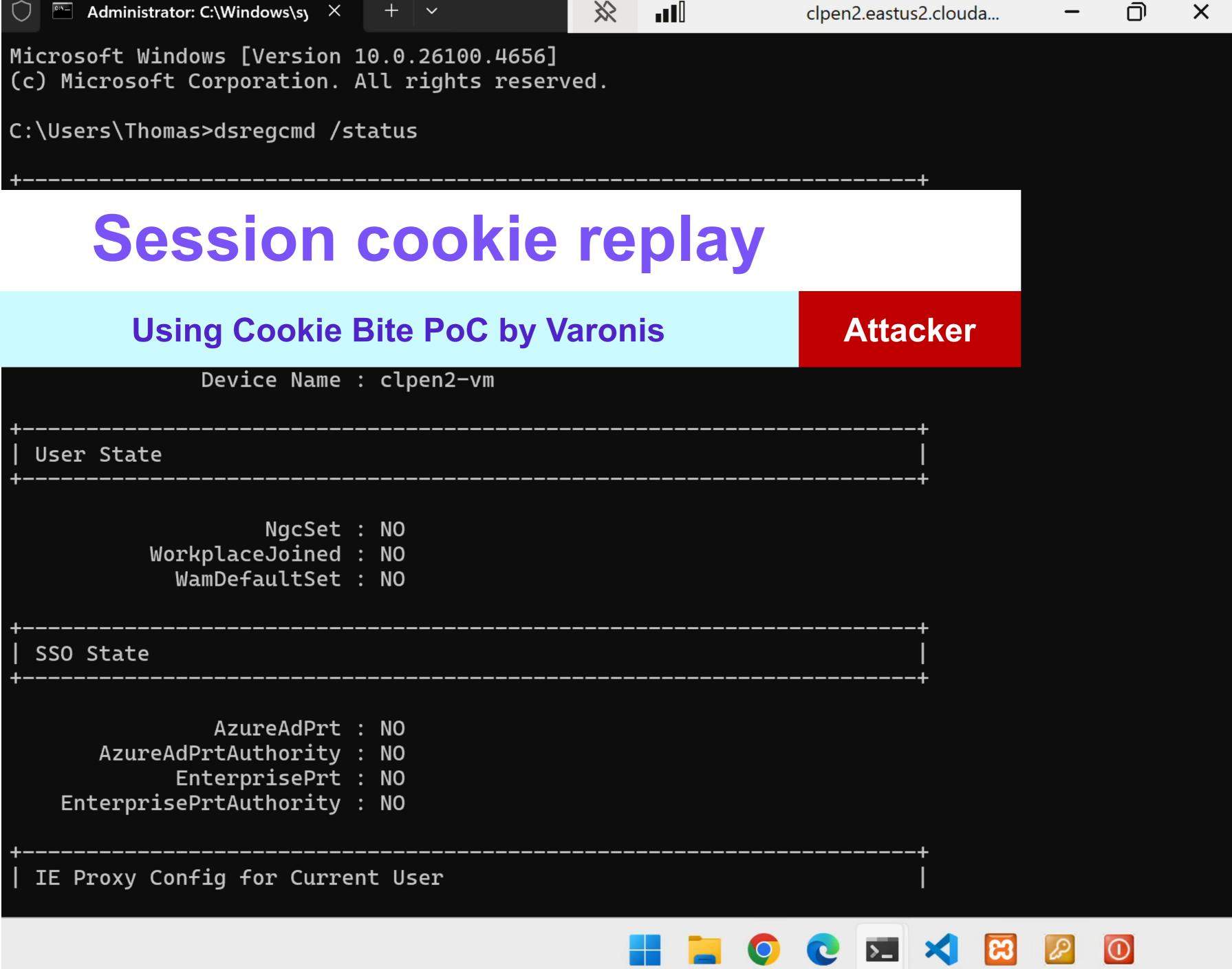


























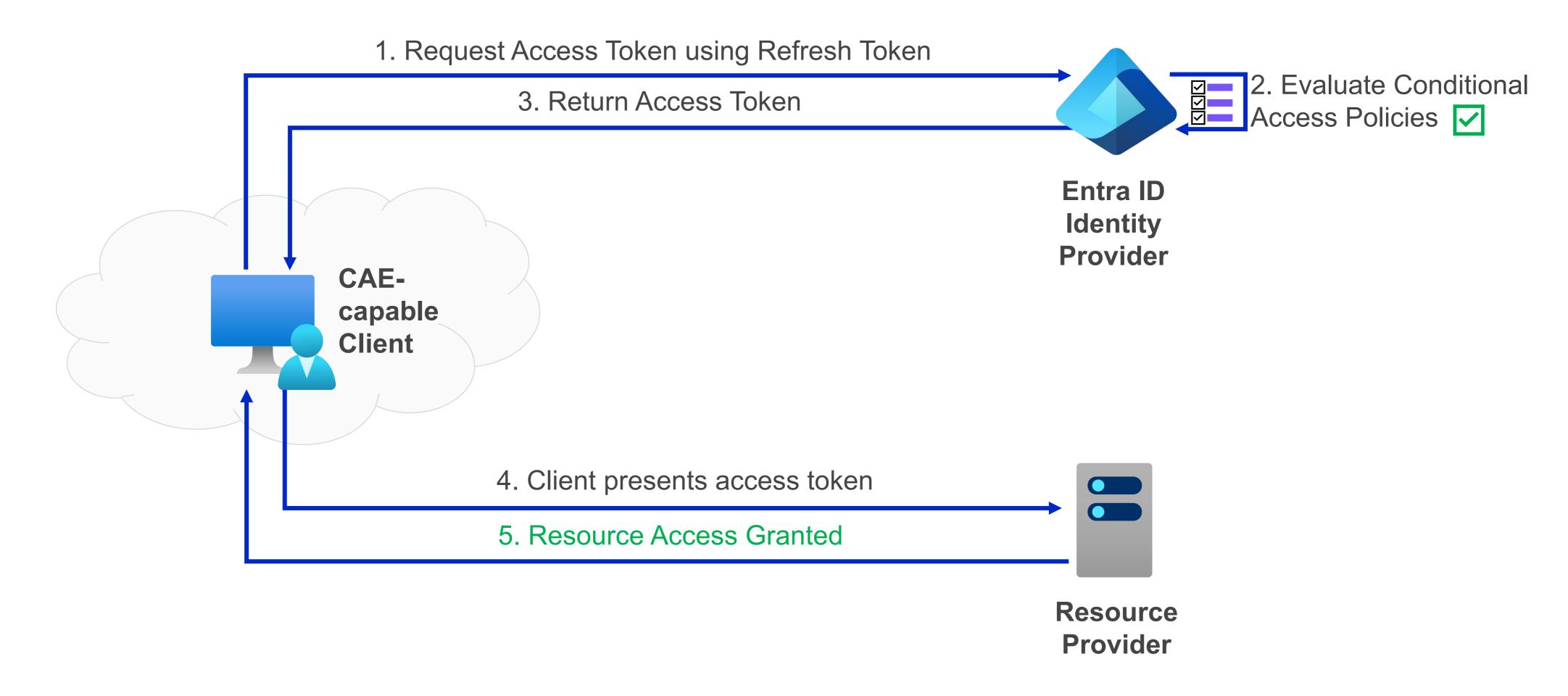


Sign-in logs from victim vs attacker

AppDisplayName	OfficeHome		OfficeHome	
ClientAppUsed	Browser		Browser	
BrowserDetails	Chrome 138.0.0		Chrome 138.0.0	
Location	DE		US	
DeviceTrustType	Azure AD joined		Azure AD joined	
IsCompliant	true		true	
IPAddress	87.163.7.44		132.196.242.136	
UserAgent	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64)		Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64)	
	Grant Controls ↑↓ Re	esult ↑↓	Grant Controls ↑↓	Result ↑↓
	Require multifactor authentication Success		Require multifactor authentication Success	
	Require compliant device Su	uccess	Require compliant device	Success

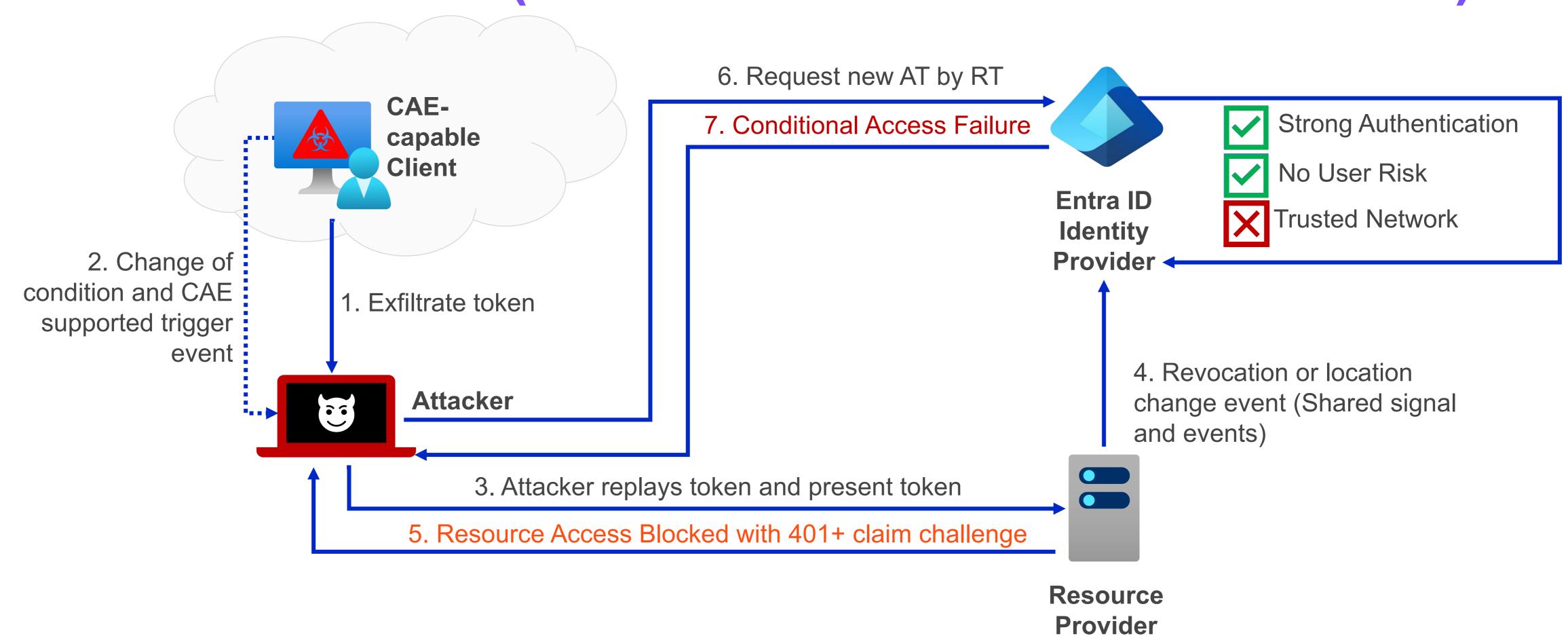


Token acquisition using refresh token



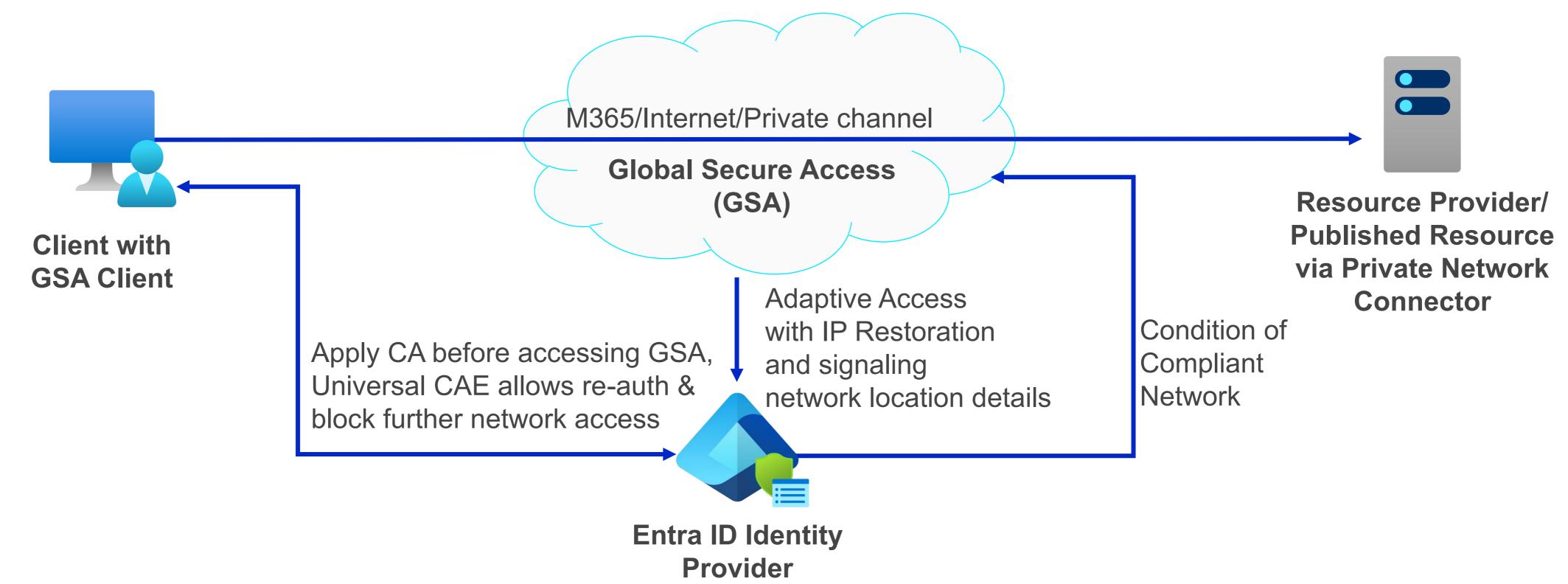


Revoke issued AT (Continuous Access Evaluation)



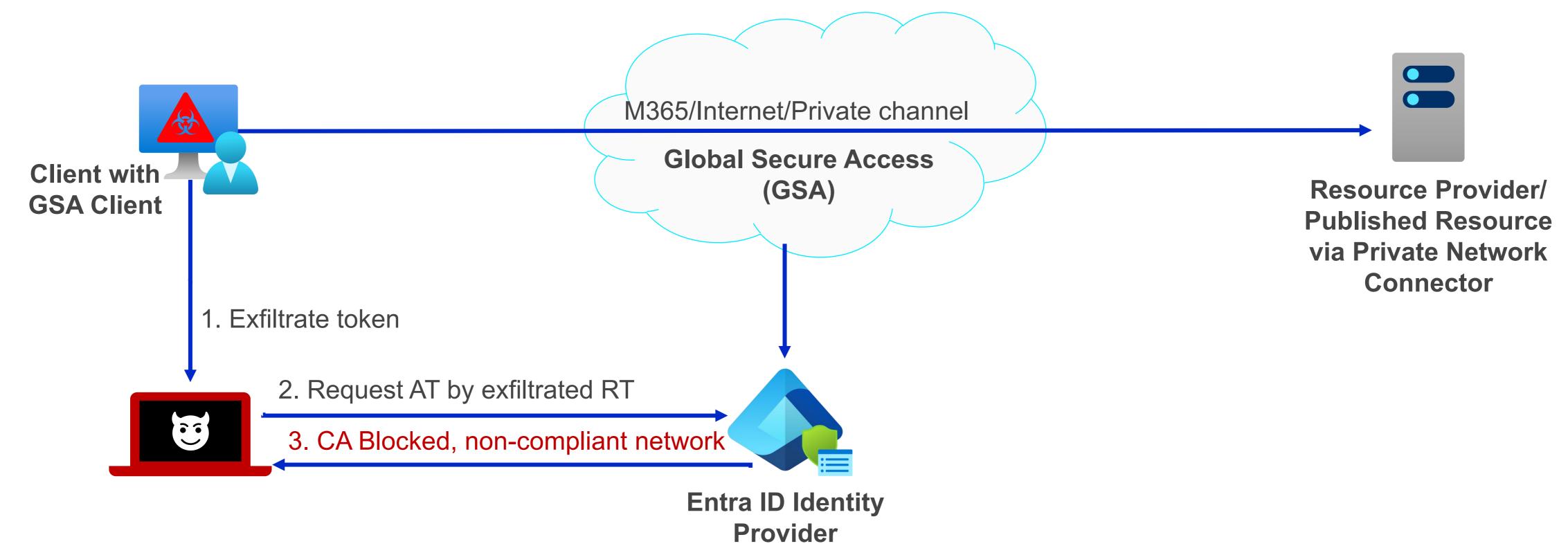


Mitigation by compliant network (GSA) signal





Mitigation by compliant network (GSA) signal







Abusing privileges of OAuth applications



Change in user consent as part of Microsoft Secure Future Initiative (SFI)

Require admin consent for thirdfiles and sites

Users allowing third-party apps to access file and site content can lead to overexposure of an organization's content. Requiring admins to consent to this access can help reduce overexposure. With this change, Microsoft managed App Consent Policies will be enabled, and users will be unable to consent to third party applications accessing their files and sites by default. Instead, they can request administrators to consent on their behalf. To configure admin consent, party apps accessing follow instructions here: Configuring the Admin Consent workflow. Customers who have already blocked user consent, turned on our previously recommended consent settings, or applied custom user consent settings will not be affected by this change. Admins can also configure granular app access policies, such as limiting user access to the application for specific users or groups. Learn more here.

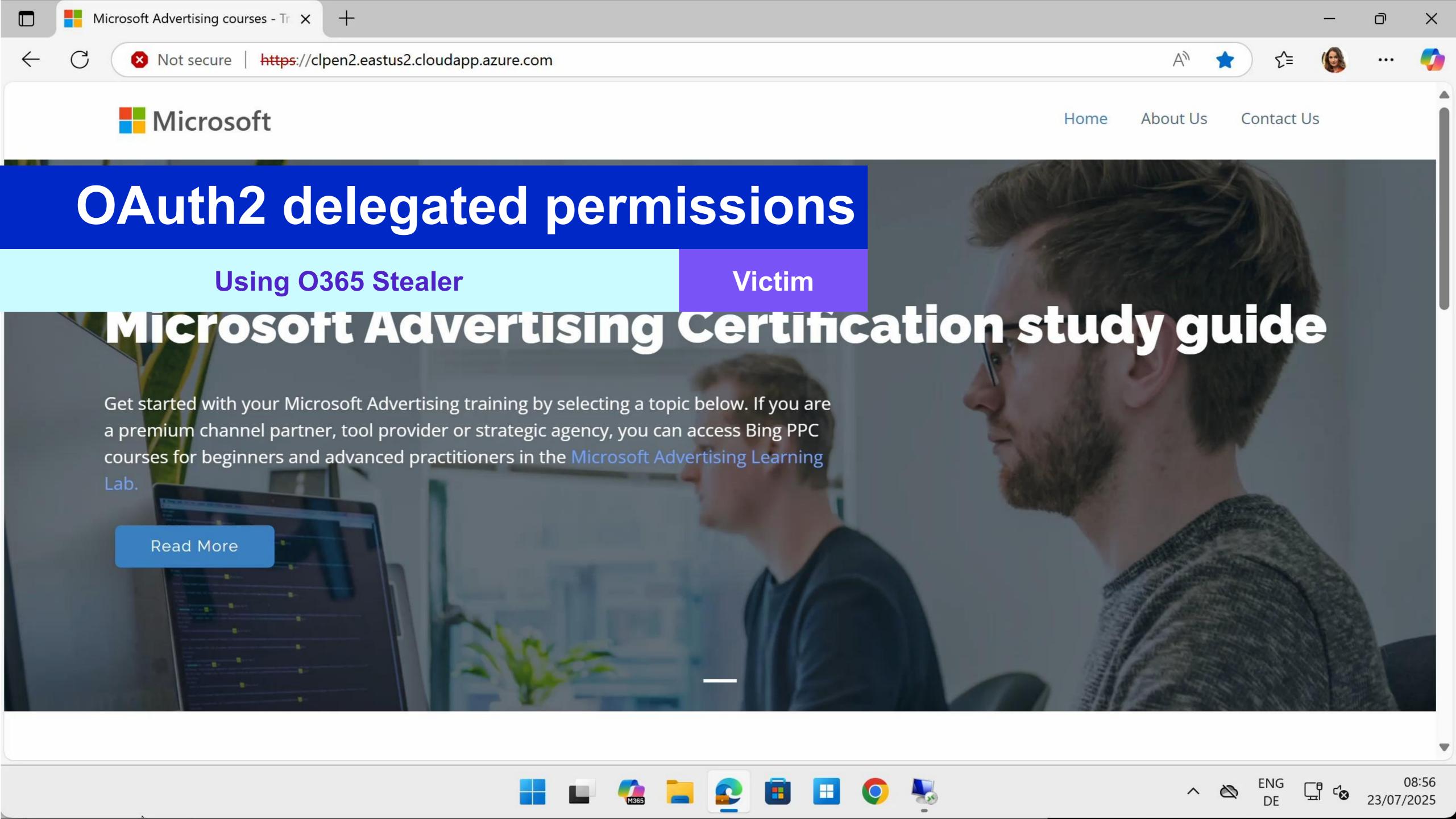


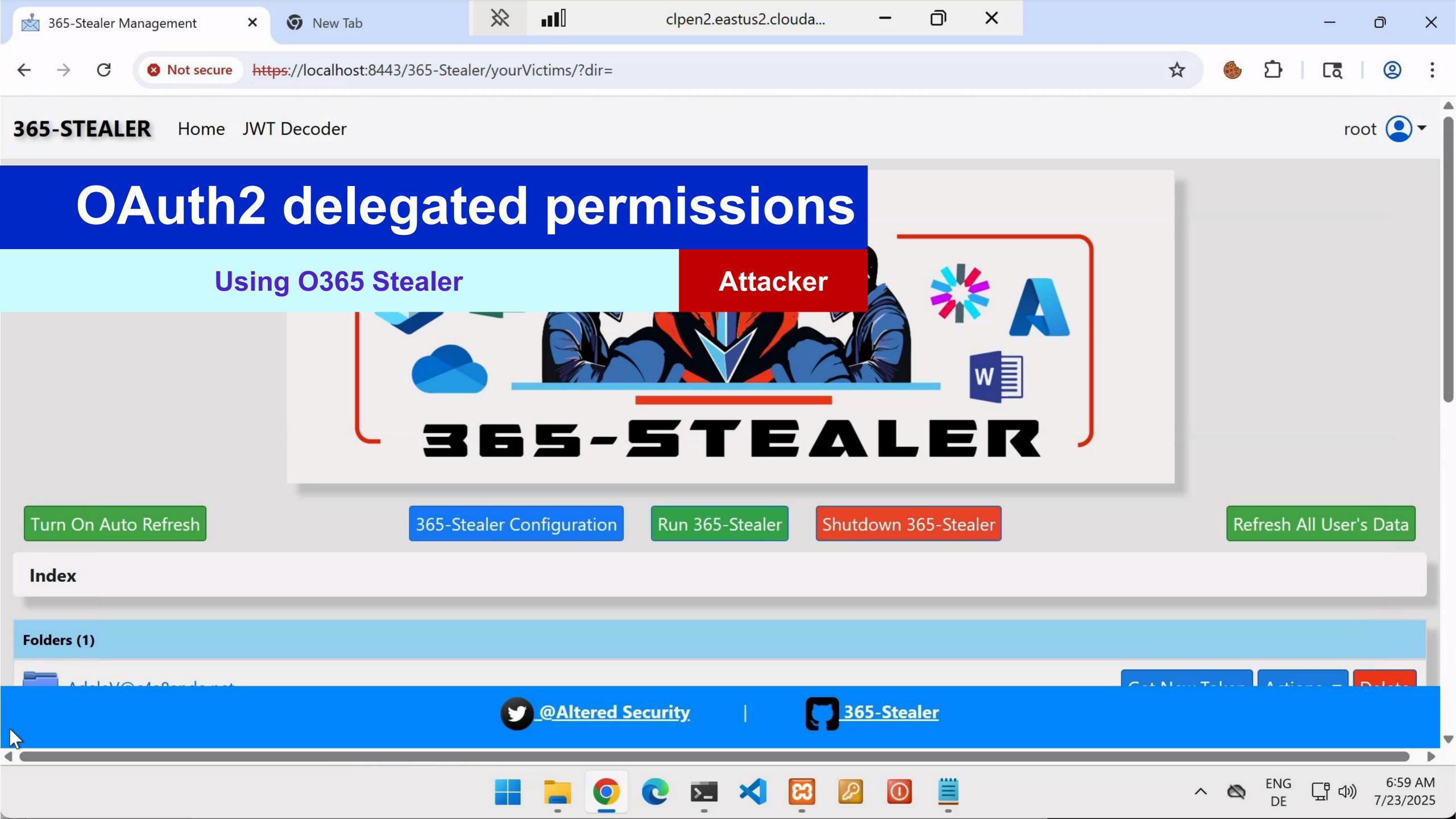
Who has admin consent permissions?

Granting tenant-wide admin consent requires you to sign in as a user that is authorized to consent on behalf of the organization.

To grant tenant-wide admin consent, you need:

- A Microsoft Entra user account with one of the following roles:
 - o Privileged Role Administrator, for granting consent for apps requesting any permission, for any API.
 - Cloud Application Administrator or Application Administrator, for granting consent for apps requesting any permission for any API, except Microsoft Graph app roles (application permissions).
 - A custom directory role that includes the permission to grant permissions to applications, for the permissions required by the application.







Aug 22, 2025 7:42 AM • Resolved Risky user updated an app that

activity through Graph API

Aug 22, 2025 7:45 AM • Resolved

Abbi Montfulleda

Abbi Montfulleda

OAuth app

accessed Email and performed Email

Suspicious inbox rule created by an

以 必

公 必

2001:67c:289c::20

Disruption of malicious OAuth app created by user

Compromised user account used to create a malicious OAuth application (attack ... ← Copilot

✓ Manage incident

← Tasks

… Resolved 2330@ash.alpineskihouse.co Critical asset OAuth App Abuse Attack Disruption Attention! Attack disruption initiated a disable app action on a rogue OAuth app. For more details go to the Action center. Evidence and Response (17) Similar incidents (0) Alerts (12) Investigations (0) Summary Attack story Assets (4) Group similar nodes Play attack story RELATED THREATS Aug 22, 2025 7:42 AM • Resolved **Malicious OAuth application** Activity Profile: OAuth apps used in BEC and registration by a compromised user Microsoft Exchange Onl phishing Abbi Montf... Abbi M1cr0s0ft-Conf... 48 impacted assets Aug 22, 2025 7:42 AM • Resolved View threat analytics report **Suspicious OAuth app registered** 4 Cloud Applications ((o)) through Azure CLI or PowerShell Abbi Montfulleda \$ \$ Threat Overview Profile: Cloud identity abuse ((o)) Aug 22, 2025 7:42 AM • Resolved 29 impacted assets **Suspicious OAuth app registration** 20.190.151.101 Abbi Montfulleda View threat analytics report u6584@ash.alpineskihous

2a0c:9a40:8860:51:0:0:0

M1cr0s0ft-ConfigApp

Incident details

u2330@ash.alpinesk

Assigned to

ihouse.co

Classification

((0))

 \wedge

Incident ID

Categories

18046





Mitigation



User Mitigation

Authentication methods and credentials

Advanced policies to protect sensitive access

Zero Trust signals

ITDR and identity security posture

Device compliance and endpoint security

Stronger AD password policy

Restrict use of device code flow

Risk-based Conditional Access Policies Restrict user consent and enable admin approval

Require device state or compliance in CA baseline

Banned password protection

Restrict access from unmanaged devices by Session Policy

No location-based CA exclusions

Avoid delegation of Application Admin and Ownership Require TPM for Windows Hello and Secure Enclave for macOS

Adoption of passwordless authentication

Defender for Cloud Apps in combination with Edge MAM Implement compliant network checks as condition in CA and take benefit of Universal CAE

Track exposed token and session cookies in Exposure Management

Enable Defender EDR capabilities

Require phishingresistant authentication Implement authentication context for sensitive actions

Access to cloud apps and onpremises resources by Global Secure Access

Adopt detection and hunting for unusual activities in postauthentication

Device compliance in combination with requiring low machine risk score

User doesn't know their password (SCRIL in AD) Implement Token
Protection for
applicable cloud
applications

Enable strict
enforcement of CAE
for applicable
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Automated incident response playbook to revoke tokens for compromised identities

Windows Enrollment attestation and monitor browser extension in Defender TVM



User Mitigation Foundational

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User Mitigation Mature

Authentication Advanced policies to Device compliance ITDR and identity protect sensitive Zero Trust signals methods and and endpoint security posture credentials security access Risk-based Restrict user Require device state Stronger AD Restrict use of or compliance in CA **Conditional Access** consent and enable password policy device code flow baseline Policies admin approval Require TPM for Restrict access from Avoid delegation of Windows Hello and Banned password No location-based **Application Admin** unmanaged devices Secure Enclave for CA exclusions protection by Session Policy and Ownership macOS Implement compliant Track exposed token **Defender for Cloud** Adoption of network checks as and session cookies **Enable Defender** condition in CA and Apps in combination passwordless in Exposure **EDR** capabilities authentication with Edge MAM take benefit of Management Universal CAE Access to cloud Adopt detection and Device compliance Implement Require phishingapps and onhunting for unusual in combination with authentication resistant premises resources context for sensitive activities in postrequiring low authentication by Global Secure machine risk score actions authentication Access Windows Enrollment Automated incident Implement Token Enable strict User doesn't know response playbook attestation and enforcement of CAE Protection for their password to revoke tokens for monitor browser for applicable applicable cloud (SCRIL in AD) compromised extension in

applications

identities

Defender TVM

applications



User Mitigation Progressive

Authentication methods and credentials	Advanced policies to protect sensitive access	Zero Trust signals	ITDR and identity security posture	Device compliance and endpoint security
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User doesn't know their password (SCRIL in AD)	Implement Token Protection for applicable cloud applications	Enable strict enforcement of CAE for applicable applications	Automated incident response playbook to revoke tokens for compromised identities	Windows Enrollment attestation and monitor browser extension in Defender TVM



Questions?



